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IDS 2000-0219 (Ehlinger-Cherchali-Fellingham-Gudelis-Michelson-Yatsko) September 28, 2001

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A method for providing full-featured Voice-over Internet Protocol (VoIP)
2	telephony service, comprising the steps of:
3	receiving in a first network a packet-based VoIP call;
4	translating, in the first network, the VoIP call into a Time-Division Multiplexed
5	(TDM) call compatible with a second network having the capability of processing TDM
6	calls and providing at least one feature for the call, the translation including the sub-steps
7	of (1) performing required signal processing protocols in the first network to allow the
8	VoIP call to interact with the first network as if it were performing switch-based
9	processing functions and (2) mapping IP signaling information developed in the first
10	network into a format suitable for processing by the second network;
11	routing the TDM call to the second network;
12	processing the TDM call in the second network to perform processing thereon;
13	and
14	routing the TDM call to its intended destination.
1	2. The method according to claim 1 wherein the translating step includes
2	translating the VoIP call into a bearer portion and a signaling portion.
1	3. The method according to claim 2 wherein the IP signaling information is
2	mapped into a GR-303 format to include performance as well as functional call aspects to
3	allow full-featured processing by the second network.
1	4. The method according to claim 3 wherein the IP signaling information
2	includes on-hook and off-hook line status of customer premises equipment (CPE) on
3	which the packet-based VoIP call originated, and the GR-303 format includes ABCD
4	signaling bits, wherein the line status in the IP signaling information is mapped to an
5	equivalent line status in the ABCD signaling bits.
1	5. The method according to claim 4 wherein the IP signaling information

includes power ringing indication, and the GR-303 format includes the ABCD signaling

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- 3 bits, wherein the power ringing indication received via the ABCD signaling bits is
- 4 mapped to an equivalent power ringing indication in the IP signaling information.
- 1 6. The method according to claim 1 wherein the first network is a Hybrid-2 Fiber Coax network.
- 7. The method according to claim 1 wherein the second network is a public switched telephone network.
- 1 8. The method according to claim 1 wherein the second network features 2 includes CLASS, custom calling, and Centrex features.
  - 9. The method according to claim 1 wherein the routing step includes translating the call back to a VoIP call if the destination lies in the first network.
- 1 10. A method for providing full-featured Voice-over Internet Protocol (VoIP)
  2 telephony service, comprising the steps of:

receiving in a first network a packet-based VoIP call and non-voice data packet separating the non-voice packets from the VoIP call;

5 routing the non-voice packets to a data network;

6 translating, in the first network, the VoIP call into a Time-Division Multiplexed

(TDM) call compatible with a second network having the capability of processing TDM

8 calls and providing at least one feature for the call, the translation including the sub-steps

9 of (1) performing required signal processing protocols in the first network to allow the

VoIP call to interact with the first network as if it were performing switch-based

processing functions and (2) mapping IP signaling information developed in the first

12 network into a format suitable for processing by the second network;

routing the TDM call to the second network;

processing the TDM call in the second network to perform processing thereon;

15 and

routing the TDM call to its intended destination.

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- 1 11. The method according to claim 10 wherein the translating step includes 2 translating the VoIP call into a bearer portion and a signaling portion.
- 1 12. The method according to claim 10 wherein the IP signaling information 2 includes power ringing indication, and the GR-303 format includes the ABCD signaling 3 bits, wherein the power ringing indication received via the ABCD signaling bits is 4 mapped to an equivalent power ringing indication in the IP signaling information.
  - 13. The method according to claim 10 wherein the IP signaling information includes on-hook and off-hook line status of customer premises equipment (CPE) on which the packet-based VoIP call originated, and the GR-303 format includes ABCD signaling bits, wherein the line status in the IP signaling information is mapped to an equivalent line status in the ABCD signaling bits.
    - 14. The method according to claim 10 wherein the IP signaling information is mapped into a GR-303 format so as to include performance as well as functional call aspects to allow full-featured processing by the second network.
- 1 15. The method according to claim 10 wherein the first network is a Hybrid-2 Fiber Coax network.
- 1 16. The method according to claim 10 wherein the second network is a public 2 switched telephone network.
- 1 17. The method according to claim 10 wherein the second network features 2 include CLASS, custom calling, and Centrex features.
- 1 18. The method according to claim 10 wherein the routing step includes 2 translating the call back to a VoIP format if the destination lies in the first network.